## Sample Assessment Tasks (Part A)

| Task name |  | Task type* $^{*}$ | Appendices |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | An interesting character 1 | GI | 1,5 |
| 2 | An interesting character 2 | IP | 2,3 |
| 3 | Adopt a character | GI |  |
| 4 | Casting couch | GI |  |
| 5 | Heroes/Heroines | GI |  |
| 6 | Choosing a gift for a character 1 | 3 |  |
| 7 | Choosing a gift for a character 2 | IP | 3 |
| 8 | New neighbours | IP |  |
| 9 | Using magic | GI |  |
| 10 | Getting personal | GI | 4 |
| 11 | Book review | GI | 5 |
| 12 | Book talks | GI | $5,6,7$ |
| 13 | Reading Portfolio Assessment | IP | 4,8 |
| 14 | Book Promotion | GI | 9,14 |
| 15 | Book/Film Promotion | IP | 3,10 |
| 16 | Read the book! Watch the film! | IP | 3,11 |
| 17 | Going on holiday | GI | 12 |
| 18 | Celebrity interview | GI | 13 |
| 19 | Panel discussion | GI |  |
| 20 | Independent work with documentaries/non-fiction | IP |  |
| 21 | Group work with non-print non-fiction | GI |  |
| 22 | Different cultures 1 | IP | 3 |
| 23 | Different cultures 2 | GI |  |
| 24 | Two stars and a wish | GI | 2,14 |

Keys: GI = Group Interaction; IP = Individual Presentation

## Appendices

| 1 | Stimulation for Interaction |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Handout: An interesting character |
| 3 | Evaluation Forms |
| 4 | Personal Responses List |
| 5 | Book Review Questions |
| 6 | Book Talks |
| 7 | Evaluation Form for Book Talks |
| 8 | Reading Reflection |
| 9 | The Six Thinking Hats |
| 10 | Book/Film Promotion: Guidelines for students |
| 11 | Book and Film Comparison Questions |
| 12 | Candidate's Sheet |
| 13 | What Goes into a Celebrity Interview? |
| 14 | Guiding Questions for Students |
| 15 | Who would you help? |


| Name of Task: An interesting character 1 (for lower ability learners) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Communication Functions: } \\ \square \text { describing } & \square \text { reporting } \\ \square \text { classifying } & \square_{\text {comparing }}\end{array}$ | explaining persuading | scussing <br> hers: $\qquad$ |  |
| Audience--teacher plus: a student partner small groups class more than one class | Target audience fellow studen students from teacher(s) others: $\qquad$ |  | f audience: <br> non-verbal responses only ning/commenting ting with no limitations |
| Where on this continuum would you place the task? |  |  |  |
| spontaneous, informal dialogue, e.g. small group interaction | interactive, planned yet dialogic, e.g. semiformal group report | individual long turn of individual long turn that is planned, spoken text, e.g. planned, formal and news reporting, story coherent, e.g. spoken report, telling a speech |  |

This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):

| $\square$ print/non-print fiction |
| :--- |
| $\square$ print/non-print biogra |
| $\square$ factual books/docume |
| $\square$ books/films on real life |
| Topic/text/materials/res |
| Any print/non-print fictio |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Description of activities } \\ \text { leading to assessment }\end{array}$ |

1. Ask students to think of an interesting character from a story or a film they have recently read/watched. Have them write down the personal characteristics of the interesting character on a note card in point-form and bring it to class. Prepare a handout (see Appendix 1) for each student.
2. Distribute and discuss the handout (Appendix 1) with students.
3. Have students work in pairs for 5 minutes and think of other possible questions to add to the handout.
4. Ask students to make good use of the note card they have prepared.
5. Invite students to share their questions.
6. Write down the additional questions on the blackboard and try to elicit some possible answers from the students.
7. Ask students to write down some of the additional questions on the blackboard onto their handouts.
8. Ask students to hold a pair discussion using the handout for reference.
9. Encourage students to compare and contrast their chosen characters during the interaction.

Ask students to compare another character from the book/film they read/saw with a partner. They may use a single note card for support and reference.

1. Ask students to do self- and peer-assessment after the assessment activity.
2. Give feedback on the overall performance of the class and give advice on how to make improvements by making use of the assessment criteria.

## Remarks:

- This assessment task is relatively simple and suitable for weaker students who need extra support and guidance to hold an interaction.
- You may ask students to provide some background information about the book/film they read/saw before the interaction begins. See the basic book review questions in Appendix 2 for reference.


| Name of Task: Adopt a character <br> Oral Text-type: $\square$ individual presentation <br> interactio |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Communication Functions:    <br> $\square_{\text {describing }}$ $\square_{\text {reporting }}$ $\square_{\text {explaining }}$ $\square_{\text {discussing }}$ <br> $\square_{\text {classifying }}$ $\square_{\text {comparing }}$ $\square_{\text {persuading }}$ $\square_{\text {others: }}$ |  |  |  |
| Audience--teacher plus: a student partner small groups class more than one class | Target audience: fellow students students from teacher(s) others: $\qquad$ | classes $\quad$Role(s) <br> $\square$ givin <br> $\square_{\text {ques }}$ <br> $\square$ inter | f audience: <br> non-verbal responses only oning/commenting cting with no limitations |
| Where on this continuum would you place the task? |  |  |  |
| spontaneous, informal dialogue, e.g. small group interaction | interactive, planned yet dialogic, e.g. semi-formal group report, interactive factual report | $\square$ individual long turn ofplanned, spoken text, e.g. $\quad$individual long turn that <br> ins planned, formal and <br> neporting, story <br> telling$\quad$coherent, e.g. spoken <br> report, a speech |  |

This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):
$\square$ print/non-print fiction
$\square$ print/non-print biogra
$\square$ factual books/docume
$\square$ books/films on real life
Topic/text/materials/res
A film where the characte
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Description of activities } \\ & \text { leading to assessment }\end{aligned}$

1. Arange a movie viewing session as an out-of-class activity. You may book a theatre in advance and take the whole form to view a movie. Students will get cheaper tickets that way.
2. Before viewing, give students a list of names and a brief description of the main characters. You may also give students a plot summary so that they will have some background knowledge to understand the movie better.
3. You may brainstorm or discuss with the students the related/new vocabulary they may encounter in the movie and compile a list of useful words/expressions for students' reference.
4. Divide students into groups of 4-5. Ask each group member to adopt one of the main characters and assume his/her identity. Each group member should adopt a different character.
5. Ask them to think about their situation, current mood, motivations/desires, and feelings about the other characters while watching the movie.
6. In class, students present their new selves to their group members, covering the four aspects outlined in Step 5.
7. After each character presentation, encourage the group members to ask questions, show their opinions, agreement and disagreement.

| Assessment activity <br> (Group interaction) |
| :--- |
| Post assessment activity |

Ask students to work in groups of 4-5 and watch another movie together. Ask them to prepare a group discussion following Steps 4-7.

A simple Q \& A session may be held after each presentation. Although this will not form part of the assessment, it can provide students with more opportunities to interact with others/exchange ideas, which can encourage assessment for learning.

## Remarks:

- During group discussions, encourage students to interact with their group members by asking for suggestions, clarification, explanation and justification for their answers. Provide students with the necessary language if they are not familiar with conducting group discussions.
- You may want to arrange for a technician to video-record some good presentations and discussions that take place in Steps 6 and 7. Then show the class what a good discussion entails so students will be better prepared for the SBA and know what they are expected to do.
- After the group discussion, students may play a hot seat game by selecting a student from each group to sit in the hot seat and be quizzed by the audience on his/her behavior, background, character, relationships, feelings, etc.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Name of Task: Casting couch \\
Oral Text-type: \(\square\) individual presentation
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Communication Functions:

$\square$ deng <br>
reporting
comparing

 \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{

$\square$ explaining \& $\square$ discussing <br>
$\square$ persuading \& $\square$ others:
\end{tabular}} <br>

\hline Audience--teacher plus:
a student partner
small groups
class
more than one class \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Target audience:
fellow students
students from other classes
teacher(s)
others: $\qquad$} \& Roles
givi
que

inte \& | f audience: |
| :--- |
| non-verbal responses only oning/commenting ting with no limitations | <br>

\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Where on this continuum would you place the task?} <br>
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{$\checkmark$ spontaneous, informal interactive, planned yet dialogue, e.g. small dialogic, e.g. semi-formal group interaction group report, interactive factual report} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{individual long turn of

planned, spoken text, e.g. \begin{tabular}{l}
$\square$ individual long turn that <br>
is planned, formal and <br>
news reporting, story <br>
telling

$\quad$

coherent, e.g. spoken <br>
report, a speech
\end{tabular}} <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):

| $\square$ print/non-print fiction |
| :--- |
| $\square$ print/non-print biogra |
| $\square$ factual books/docume |
| $\square$ books/films on real lif |
| Topic/text/materials/res |
| Any print/non-print fictio |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Description of activities } \\ \text { leading to assessment }\end{array}$ |

1. Ask the students to imagine they are actors' agents and they are now searching for suitable candidates to play the roles of different characters from a story they have recently read.
2. Write down the names of some major characters on the board.
3. Divide the class into groups of 3-4. Either assign or ask each group to choose a character they want to work on.
4. Ask the students to discuss the following issues in groups or brainstorm some of the other key elements they have to consider before their search:
a) the personalities of the characters
b) the hobbies or habits of the characters
c) some of the major events in which the characters take part in
d) the way that the characters handle crises in the story
5. Pass the magazines and newspaper to each group and ask them to hunt for a photo which seems to fit their particular character. Set a time limit for this.
6. Each group member can select a photo and then discuss which photo is the best. Encourage them to explain their choice with reference to the story during their discussion.
7. Ask each group to present their photo and explain the reasons for their choice in front of the entire class. If more than one group chooses to work on the same character, the class will nominate the best photo for that character.

| Assessment activity (Group interaction) | 1. Ask students to work in groups of 3 and read the same book together. <br> 2. Ask students to each hunt for a photo that seems to fit three of the main characters from the story. <br> 3. On the day of the assessment, students will hold a discussion similar to that in Steps 4 and 6 in the pre-assessment activities; they will select the most suitable photos for the three main characters and explain their choices with reference to the book. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask students to do self- and peer-assessment after the assessment activity. <br> 2. Give feedback on the overall performance of the class and give advice on how to make improvements by making use of the assessment criteria. |

## Remarks:

- During group discussions, encourage students to interact with their group members by asking for suggestions, clarification, explanation and justification for their answers. Provide students with the necessary classroom language if they are not familiar with conducting group discussions.
- You may want to arrange for a technician to video-record some good discussions in Steps 4-6. Then show the class what a good discussion entails so that students will be better prepared for the SBA and know what they are expected to do.

Adapted from: Sherman, J. (2003). "Casting Couch 1" in Using authentic video in the language classroom, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, p. 134-135.


Sample Assessment Task 6 (Part A)


This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):
$\checkmark$ print/non-print fiction
$\square$ print/non-print biography/autobiography
$\square$ factual books/documentaries on common topics, e.g. sports, hobbies, travel
$\square$ books/films on real life issues, e.g. environmental, social, economic
Topic/text/materials/resources used for the assessment activities (i.e. websites, movies, books, handouts):
Think of a character from a book or a film which students are familiar with. Prepare a short segment of the film or a short passage about the character.

| Description of activities leading to assessment | 1. Give a quick summary of the story and highlight the character you have in mind. <br> 2. Tell students that they need to think of a gift for the character to help solve his/her problems, change his/her attitudes, improve his/her life conditions, etc. Show students a short segment of the film* or read a short passage about the character. <br> 3. Divide the students into groups of 3-4. Ask each of them to think of a gift for the character and explain their choices with reference to the information they have just read or seen. Encourage students to ask for clarification, show agreement and disagreement during their discussion. Then select the best gift for the character as a group. <br> 4. Invite students from each group to describe their gift and explain their choice. <br> 5. On the day of the performance, students can conduct peer evaluations using the guidelines and evaluation forms in Appendix 3 for reference. <br> *Please refer to the appendix of the recommended texts"Notes on copyright and end-user agreement". |
| :---: | :---: |
| Assessment activity (Group interaction) | 1. Divide the class into groups of three. <br> 2. Ask each group of students to find and read a book/watch a film of their choice. <br> 3. After this, each student in the group should adopt a different character and familiarize themselves with the story/events involving that particular character. <br> 4. On the day of the assessment, the teacher-assessor will ask each student some questions randomly to get some background information about the book/movie they have read/watched. Some of the basic questions may include the following: <br> a) What is the title of your book/film? <br> b) What level of difficulty is it? <br> c) What type of genre/story is it? (science fiction, biography, romance, adventure, detective, horror, true, etc.) <br> d) When and where is the story set (if it is a story)? <br> e) What is the book/film about? |


|  | 5. The teacher-assessor will randomly call on a student and ask him/her to describe the characteristics/personality of his/her chosen character and highlight one of the events that character took part in. <br> 6. As a group, the students have to discuss and select a gift for the character based on the information provided by the student. <br> 7. Then another student will be called on to describe another character, and then the group will select another gift for that character. <br> Variation: <br> 1. Ask students to read/watch another book/film and familiarize themselves with the story/events involving a particular character. <br> 2. On the day of the assessment, students will be assigned to work with another 2 or 3 students who have read/watched a different book/film. <br> 3. Each of them will take turns providing some general information about the book/film they read/watched. <br> 4. Then as a group, they will discuss and select a gift for each of the characters. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask students to do self- and peer-assessment after the assessment activity. <br> 2. Give feedback on the overall performance of the class and give advice on how to make improvements by making use of the assessment criteria. |
| Remarks: <br> - Giving students opportunities to hold discussions in class in the pre-assessment activities can help them gain more experience of interacting with others. <br> - This task is relatively easy. It encourages students to think creatively and attentively to the needs of others. This task is suitable for students from different levels. |  |

Sample Assessment Task 7 (Part A)


This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):
print/non-print fiction
$\square$ print/non-print biography/autobiography
$\square$ factual books/documentaries on common topics, e.g. sports, hobbies, travel
$\square$ books/films on real life issues, e.g. environmental, social, economic
Topic/text/materials/resources used for the assessment activities (i.e. websites, movies, books, handouts):
Think of a character from a book or a film which students are familiar with. Prepare a short segment of the film or a short passage about the character.

| Description of activities leading to assessment | 1 Give a quick summary of the story and highlight the character you have in mind. <br> 2 Tell students that they need to think of a gift for the character to help solve his/her problems, change his/her attitudes, improve his/her life conditions, etc. Show students a short segment of the film* or read a short passage about the character. <br> 3 Ask students to think of a gift for the character and explain their choices with reference to the information they just read or seen. <br> 4 Ask students to share their ideas with a partner. <br> Invite students to describe their gift and explain their choice to the whole class. <br> During the presentation, students can conduct peer evaluations using the guidelines and evaluation form (Appendix 3) for reference. <br> *Please refer to the appendix of the recommended texts "Notes on copyright and end-user agreement". |
| :---: | :---: |
| Assessment activity <br> (Individual presentation) | Ask students to prepare an individual oral presentation which provides the following information: <br> 1. Name of a book/film they have read or watched in their own time <br> 2. Author of the book or Director/Script-writer of the film <br> 3. A short summary of the story/plot <br> 4. Description of the personalities of the characters and some events they face <br> 5. Description of a gift for one of the characters <br> 6. Reasons for their choice |
| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask the student audience to assess the performances of the presenters using a peer-evaluation form. <br> 2. Encourage the student assessors to give feedback to the presenters. <br> 3. Ask student presenters to watch their own videotaped presentations and write a reflective journal on its strengths and weaknesses. <br> 4. Give the presenters some suggestions on how to improve their presentation skills. |
| Remarks: <br> - Another pre-task: you ask them to provide r | ight discuss what to give to a family member for Christmas or a festival that students celebrate and ons for their choice. |

- Giving students opportunities to share their ideas with a partner in the pre-assessment activities can help prepare them to speak in front of the entire class at a later stage.

Adapted from: Julian Bamford's handouts at JALT 2003 on extensive reading classroom activities


## Remarks:

- The personal responses to this task can provide a good basis for discussion in English at a comfortable level.
- If students need more opportunities to speak in public, you may invite each student to take turns sharing their presentation with the whole class.

Adapted from Andy Barfield’s "Getting Personal" In Bamford, J \& Day, R. (Eds) Extensive reading activities for teaching language, p. 146-148.


## Name of Task: Getting personal



This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):
$\square$ print/non-print fiction
print/non-print biography/autobiography
$\square$ factual books/documentaries on common topics, e.g. sports, hobbies, travel
$\square$ books/films on real life issues, e.g. environmental, social, economic
Topic/text/materials/resources used for the assessment activities (i.e. websites, movies, books, handouts):
Prepare a Personal Reponses List (Appendix 4) for each student.

Description of activities leading to assessment

1. Distribute the Personal Responses List (Appendix 4) to each student.
2. Ask students to choose one task from the list when they have finished reading a biography/autobiography.
3. For homework, ask students to write down their responses to their chosen task on one to two note cards in point-form only. Tell them to be ready to present their task orally for 1-2 minutes.
4. Have students work in pairs and take turns asking each other the following questions:
a) What is the name of your book?
b) Why are you interested in learning about this particular person?
c) Did you enjoy the book? Why or why not?
d) What did you enjoy most/dislike most about this book?
e) Which task have you chosen? Could you tell me why you have chosen this task?
f) Could you tell me what you have prepared to report on for this task?
5. Encourage the students to ask for clarification, elaboration and ask other additional questions during the discussion. To promote better discussion, provide some simple cues for the listeners:

- "Can you explain ...a little more?"
- "When you say..., what do you mean exactly?"

6. After the students have reported to each other about their tasks, ask them to compare the similarities and differences between the two individuals they have read about in terms of one or two of the following:
a) their family background
b) their education levels
c) their personalities
d) their interests
e) their life experiences
f) their contributions to society
g) others
7. Walk around the classroom while the students are talking in pairs.

|  | 8. Invite some brighter students to demonstrate how they interacted with their partners. <br> A class discussion may be held to discuss how to generate better oral interaction in this kind of <br> activity. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Assessment activity <br> (Group interaction) | Ask students to read another biography/autobiography and choose the same or another task from <br> the Personal Responses List (see Appendix 4). Alternatively, you may ask them to choose another <br> task using the same book they have read for the pre-assessment activities. Assign a different <br> partner to each student for the oral interaction on the day of the assessment. Ask them to take turns <br> sharing what they have done and encourage the students to ask follow-up questions for <br> information, clarification, etc. |
| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask students to do self- and peer-assessment after the assessment activity. <br> 2. Give feedback on the overall performance of the class and give advice on how to make <br> improvements by making use of the assessment criteria. |
| Remarks: <br> - Personal responses can help students make sense of a story and find its wider meaning. It also provides a good basis for <br> discussion in English at a comfortable and personal level. |  |

Adapted from Andy Barfield's "Getting Personal" In Bamford, J \& Day, R. (Eds) Extensive reading activities
for teaching language, p. 146-148.

| Name of Task: Book Review <br> Oral Text-type: $\square$ individual presentation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Communication Functions:describing reporting explaining discussingclassifying comparing $\square$ persuading others: |  |  |
| Audience--teacher plus: a student partner small groups class more than one class | Targeted audience: fellow students students from other classes teacher(s) others: $\qquad$ | Role(s) of audience: giving non-verbal responses only questioning/commenting interacting with no limitations |
| Where on this continuum would you place the task? |  |  |
| This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s): <br> print/non-print fiction print/non-print biography/autobiography factual books/documentaries on common topics, e.g. sports, hobbies, travel books/films on real life issues, e.g. environmental, social, economic |  |  |
| Topic/text/materials/resources used for the assessment activities (i.e. websites, movies, books, handouts): <br> Make a copy of the Book Review Questions (Appendix 5) for each student. Think of a good book you (the teacher) have read and be ready to answer some of the questions on the list. |  |  |
| Description of activities leading to assessment | 1. Tell students that they will be asked to give a brief book review on a good book they have read recently. Distribute the Book Review Questions and model the activity. Students ask you some of the questions from the handout and you provide the answers, e.g. "My book is called The Lord of the Rings, written by J. R. R. Tolkien. It is about ..." <br> 2. Have students review their reading log, select a book they have read and be prepared to answer the Book Review Questions. <br> 3. In the next class, students take turns asking questions and giving reviews to a partner. Students may use some personal notes (written on a $4 \times 6$ note card with points only) for reference, but they should try to look up and speak as naturally as possible. <br> 4. Encourage students to extend their answers. Tell the questioners to pay attention to what has been said and not to ask a question that has already been addressed. Tell them that it is not necessary to ask all the questions on the list. They could ask other questions and extend their discussion based on the content of the book. <br> 5. Allow a set amount of time, such as 3-5 minutes for each review. When time is up, tell students to switch roles. <br> 6. After both partners have reported on and answered questions about their books, they can work with a new partner and repeat the same procedure in steps 3-4. After two or three rounds of sharing, encourage students not to refer to their personal notes or the Book Review Questions during their interaction. <br> 7. Repeat the process a few more times if time allows. <br> 8. Finish by asking several students to report back to the whole class about any books they have heard about in this activity that sounded particularly interesting. |  |
| Assessment activity (Group interaction) | When the students are familiar with the procedure of book sharing, ask them to prepare to talk about another book they have read for the SBA. Tell them that they will not know who their conversation partner will be until the time they are being assessed. During the assessment, the students will take turns asking questions and giving reviews as they did in the pre-assessment activity. The teacher-assessor may interact with the students to ask specific question(s) to clarify and/or extend their ideas after the students themselves have finished their conversation. |  |
| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask students to do self- and peer-assessment after the assessment activity. <br> 2. Give feedback on the overall performance of the class and give advice on how to make improvements by making use of the assessment criteria. |  |

## Remarks:

- Time allocation for each turn depends on student interest and level. More advanced and interested students might take up to five minutes for a review.
- Sharing book reviews with peers is less threatening than making a presentation in front of the entire class. This activity works particularly well with shy or lower academic ability students because the activity can encourage students to interact in a low anxiety environment. After students have shared their book review with a few partners, they will become more familiar with the content of their book review, and thus they will not have to rely so much on their written notes at the next sharing. Students' confidence will grow and better interaction will take place as they can focus more on the interaction rather than the content of the book review after they have done 5-6 rounds of sharing.
- Teachers may consider asking students to audio tape their interaction in the pre-assessment activities, so that they can listen to themselves and identify areas for improvement. Follow-up/training sessions might be needed to teach students how to do self-assessment on their own performance.
- You may ask students to report back to the whole class about the books they have heard in the activity, so they will pay more attention to their partner and be more serious during the activity.

Adapted from Ken Schmidt's "Book review round robin" In Bamford, J \& Day, R. (Eds) Extensive reading
activities for teaching language, p,96-98 and Victoria Rodrigo's "The story and me" In Bamford, J \& Day, R.
(Eds) Extensive reading activities for teaching language, p.99-100.

## Name of Task: Book Talks

| Oral Text-type: | $\square$ individual presentation | $\boxed{\text { interaction }}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Communication Functions: |  |  |  |
| $\boxed{\text { describing }} \quad \square$ reporting | $\boxed{\text { explaining }}$ | $\square$ discussing |  |
| $\square$ classifying | $\square$ comparing | $\square$ persuading | $\square$ others: |

## Audience--teacher plus: <br> a student partner <br> $\checkmark$ small groups <br> $\square$ more than one class <br> spontaneous, informal dialogue, e.g. small group interaction <br> $\checkmark$ print/non-print fiction the Book Talk sessions. <br> Description of activities leading to assessment

Target audience:
$\square$ fellow students
$\square$ students from other classes
$\square$ teacher(s)
$\square$ others:

Role(s) of audience:<br>giving non-verbal responses only<br>questioning/commenting<br>$\square$ interacting with no limitations

Where on this continuum would you place the task?
interactive, planned yet dialogic, e.g. semiformal group report, interactive factual reportindividual long turn of planned, spoken text, e.g. news reporting, story tellingindividual long turn that is planned, formal and coherent, e.g. spoken report, a speech

This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):
print/non-print biography/autobiography
$\square$ factual books/documentaries on common topics, e.g. sports, hobbies, travel
books/films on real life issues, e.g. environmental, social, economic
Topic/text/materials/resources used for the assessment activities (i.e. websites, movies, books, handouts):
Arrange 4-5 students to participate in a book talk during reading/ERS lessons. Students who are not participating in the book talk can read silently in class or do other reading assignments prepared by the teacher. Prepare a Book Talk schedule so that students can fill in the date of their participation. Prepare a list of questions (Appendix 5) for the students. Ask each student to buy a 90 -minute cassette tape and put it in a $6 \times 9$ envelope attached with a form (Appendix 6). Prepare a tape recorder to record

1. Schedule students for the book talks in advance. You can allocate students a particular date and time by lottery.
2. On the day of the Book Talk, a group of 4-5 students will bring their books and their reading logs to the table used for the session.
3. Ask for volunteers to go first, second, third, fourth, etc. while you set up the tape recorder.
4. Give the first student a $4 \times 6$ card that contains prompts for starting the session as shown below:

My name is (name of the student). Today is (date). Other students at this Book Talk session are (names of the other students). I have read a book called (name of the book)
5. Give each student a list of questions (see Appendix 5) which they might ask one another about their reading.
6. Put the cassette tape of the first student in the tape-recorder and start recording by asking the student to read from the $4^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$ card while you write the date, the name of the book on the form attached on the $6^{\prime \prime} \times 9^{\prime \prime}$ envelope of the student.
7. Then ask students some questions about the book they have read, e.g. What is the genre of the book? Who is the main character? What kind of person is the main character? What happened at the end? (You may refer to the framework of guiding questions for the types and levels of questions that you can ask your students.)
8. Encourage each student from the group to ask at least one question. They may refer to the list of sample questions for reference or they can ask other questions.
9. In the next phase, ask the students to select a passage to read aloud. Let students know that you are assessing their reading fluency, their expressiveness, and whether they pause appropriately for punctuation and pronunciation.
10. Compliment the student on his/her reading. Complete an evaluation form (Appendix 7) for the student.
11. Remove the tape from the recorder; mark the counter position on the form attached on the envelope and put the tape back in the envelope.

|  | 12. Insert another tape in the tape-recorder for the next student and repeat the session as with the <br> first student. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Assessment activity <br> (Group interaction) | After students are familiar with the procedure of taking part in a book talk, repeat the same <br> procedure for the SBA, but tell students in advance when they will be assessed so they can be well <br> prepared for the assessment. (The reading aloud in Step 9 may be skipped or should not be <br> assessed for the SBA) |
| Post assessment activity | 1. <br> Ask students to do self- and peer-assessment after the assessment activity. <br> 2. Give feedback on the overall performance of the class and give advice on how to make <br> improvements by making use of the assessment criteria. |
| Remarks: <br> - Teachers should adapt their questions for individual students according to the books they have read. It is important to vary |  |
| the questions from student to student so that the questions are not totally predictable. |  |

Adapted from John Robinson’s "Book Talks: Integrated reading assessment" In O’Malley, M. \& Valdez Pierce,
L. (Eds). (1996) Authentic Assessment for English Language Learners. Boston: Addison-Wesley, p.223-227.

Sample Assessment Task 13 (Part A)


## Remarks:

- A reading portfolio can help students reflect on what they have read and learned throughout the term.
- The oral presentation at the end of the term will allow students to summarize and share their experience with others and feel a sense of autonomy and ownership of their work.


## Name of Task: Book Promotion



## This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):

print/non-print fiction
$\checkmark$ print/non-print biography/autobiography
$\square$ factual books/documentaries on common topics, e.g. sports, hobbies, travel
books/films on real life issues, e.g. environmental, social, economic
Topic/text/materials/resources used for the assessment activities (i.e. websites, movies, books, handouts):
Ensure that there are multiple copies of the same books available in the school library or through the ERS programme.

| Description of activities leading to assessment | 1. Divide the class into groups of 3 . <br> 2. Ask each group to choose a book and all students in the group to read the same book together. If possible, make sure that the groups all choose different books (see No. 8 below). <br> 3. Introduce the concept of Dr Edward De Bono's Six Thinking Hats (See Appendix 9). <br> 4. For homework, ask students to write down the name of the book they have chosen and explain why they have chosen the book, plus write 200 words to record their feelings and impression on the book they read. <br> 5. Encourage students to write down what they think and feel about the book rather than just simply writing down a summary of the story/content. Also, remind them to make good use of the six thinking hats when they do their writing. <br> 6. In the next lesson, ask students to take turns reading aloud what they have written down to their group members. <br> 7. After each turn, students should discuss how many and which thinking hats have been applied in the writing. Encourage them also to ask for clarification, support and develop each others’ views, compare and contrast what they have written down, disagree and/or offer alternatives to each other's views. <br> 8. Ask students to regroup themselves, getting into groups of 3 or 4 , but each student in the group should have read a different book. <br> 9. Ask the students to take turns promoting the book they have read to the new group members (they may refer to their report/some notes for support, but should try to look up and speak as naturally as possible). <br> 10. Encourage the students to ask follow up questions after each book promotion. Provide students with guidance on how to carry out meaningful interaction and tell them what kind of questions they could ask each other if they haven't acquired such skills previously. (See Guiding Questions for Students in Appendix 14) <br> 11. If time allows, you may ask the students to nominate the best book promotion from each group and ask those group members to promote their book to the entire class. You can also select some of the interesting promotions and make arrangements for the students to promote their books in the morning assembly. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Assessment activity (Group interaction) | After the students have gained experience in interacting with other classmates through discussions, and learned how to make good use of the thinking hats to expand their ideas, they will be asked to read a different book either as a group/individually, prepare another book promotion on their own |


|  | and then engage in a group discussion to talk about the book they read similar to Steps 9-10 in the <br> pre-assessment activities. The teacher-assessor may interact individually with one student at a <br> time to ask specific question(s) to clarify and/or extend the student's ideas, or help prompt and/or <br> scaffold the students' oral interaction. Students' interactions will be recorded on video/cassette <br> tapes. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask students to do self- and peer-assessment after the assessment activity. <br> 2. Give feedback on the overall performance of the class and give advice on how to make <br> improvements by making use of the assessment criteria. |
| Remarks: |  |
| - Instead of asking the students to do a book promotion, you could ask each group member to pick a different character and |  |
| talk about their different personalities and how they could relate the characters to people they know. Alternatively, you |  |
| can ask them to talk about their favourite characters or other topics which can stimulate meaningful interaction. |  |
| Asking students to read the same book as a group will encourage more meaningful interaction during group discussions as |  |
| their group members have read the same book and know what happened in the story. They can also gain support from |  |
| each other during the reading process when they have questions about the story they have read or just want to share their |  |
| views about the book with someone who knows the story. |  |

Ideas adapted from those put forward by Miss Shua Yeo of The HKTA Yuen Yuen Institute No. 1 Secondary School

Sample Assessment Task 15 (Part A)


Topic/text/materials/resources used for the assessment activities (i.e. websites, movies, books, handouts):
Prepare a copy of the hand-out (see Appendix 10) for students.

| Description of activities leading to assessment | 1. Tell students that they have to prepare a book promotion for a book/film they have $\mathrm{read} /$ watched recently. The length of the promotion (at least 2-3 minutes) will depend on the proficiency levels of the students. <br> 2. Distribute the hand-out (Appendix 10) and discuss it with the students. <br> 3. Remind students that it is important to have good eye-contact, posture, voice, diction, body language, intonation, etc. when they are speaking to a group of people. Show them sample promotions if possible. <br> 4. On the day of the performance, students can conduct peer evaluations using the guidelines and evaluation forms in Appendix 3 for reference. <br> 5. A brief Q\&A session may be held after each presentation. Although this will not form part of the assessment, it can provide students with more opportunities to interact with others/exchange ideas, which can encourage assessment for learning. <br> 6. Hold a class discussion on how to improve presentation skills and how to prepare for the SBA assessment. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Assessment activity <br> (Individual <br> Presentation) | After students have gained experience of promoting a book or film in front of the class and acquired the necessary skills from Steps $1-5$, students will be asked to read/view a different book/film on their own and make another promotion individually for the SBA. |
| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask the student audience to assess the performances of the promoters using a peer-evaluation form. <br> 2. Encourage the student assessors to give feedback to the promoters. <br> 3. Ask student promoters to watch their own videotaped promotions and write a reflective journal on its strengths and weaknesses. <br> 4. Give the promoters some suggestions on how to improve their presentation skills. |

## Remarks:

- If time allows and facilities are available, teachers can ask students to video-tape their rehearsals and practise evaluating their own performance prior to the actual performance in class before Step 4. If several students have read the same book, they might work as a team in practising their performances for the pre-assessment activities. However, for the actual SBA assessment, students will work on the promotion individually.
- Holding a discussion or a Q\&A session after each presentation can create opportunities to generate meaningful interaction among students, which in turn helps prepare students for other assessments which require oral interaction.

Sample Assessment Task 16 (Part A)


This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):
$\square$ print/non-print fiction
$\square$ print/non-print biography/autobiography
$\square$ factual books/documentaries on common topics, e.g. sports, hobbies, travel
$\square$ books/films on real life issues, e.g. environmental, social, economic
Topic/text/materials/resources used for the assessment activities (i.e. websites, movies, books, handouts):
Prepare a list of books in your library for which there is a movie version in your audiovisual library/public libraries/or easily accessible from rental stores. Make a copy of this list for each student. Familiarize yourself with the questions comparing the book and the film (see Appendix 11), and distribute a copy to each student.

| Description of activities leading to assessment | 1. Ask students to read a book and watch the movie version of the same story. Give them a list of books and movies for reference. <br> 2. Distribute and discuss the Book and Film Comparison Questions (see Appendix 11). <br> 3. Students can decide whether they want to watch the film (usually easier) or read the book (usually harder) first. Another option is to choose books adapted from film scripts. <br> 4. Divide students into small groups to share what they have found in their comparisons. <br> 5. If several copies of the same books are available, teachers may consider asking the students to do this project in groups, so they can get insights from different perspectives/angles when they do the comparison. <br> 6. Invite students to present their comparisons in front of the class. <br> 7. A Q\&A session might be held after each presentation. Although this will not form part of the assessment, it can provide students with more opportunities to interact with others/exchange ideas, which can encourage assessment for learning. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Assessment activity <br> (Individual <br> Presentation) | Ask your students to read a different book and watch the film version of the same story. Have them prepare and present an oral presentation (2-3 minutes) comparing and contrasting the differences between the printed and film version of the story in class. |
| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask the student audience to assess the performances of the presenters using a peer-evaluation form. <br> 2. Encourage the student assessors to give feedback to the presenters. <br> 3. Ask student presenters to watch their own videotaped presentations and write a reflective journal on its strengths and weaknesses. <br> 4. Give the presenters some suggestions on how to improve their presentation skills. |

## Remarks:

- This assessment activity may be suitable for more capable students as the task itself is relatively demanding. Yet, if the students are able to take up the challenge, they will find this task interesting and they will have more to share and talk about since their knowledge and views about the story will be enriched by having read the printed version and watched the film of the same story.
- If class time is limited, the presentations may require more than one class period.
- If students need more support and practice before the actual presentation, please refer to Sample Assessment Task 9 for ideas of conducting pair work/sharing sessions prior to the actual performance.
- To help students better understand what you expect them to do, you may prepare a short segment from a film and make copies of the same scene from the book version. Ask the students to read the passage and then compare it with the movie segment in class.
- To increase the interest and excitement of their presentations, students can put on costumes or pretend to be one of the characters during the presentation. However, their costumes should not be graded in the SBA.
- Teachers can also ask the class to judge the students' presentations by completing a simple peer assessment form (see Appendix 3 for reference).

Extensive reading activities for teaching language, p. 131-132.

## Name of Task: Going on holiday


This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):
$\square$ print/non-print fiction
$\square$ print/non-print biography/autobiography
$\square$ factual books/documentaries on common topics, e.g. sports, hobbies, travel
$\square$ books/films on real life issues, e.g. environmental, social, economic

Topic/text/materials/resources used for the assessment activities (i.e. websites, movies, books, handouts):
Select a video which provides tips on travelling or an introduction to a particular place for a vacation. Prepare a handout (Appendix 12) for each student.

| Description of activities leading to assessment | 1. Show a video to the entire class to introduce an existing place for a holiday. Try to select a place which the students are not familiar with. <br> 2. Discuss the following aspects with the students: <br> a) How to travel there <br> b) Where to eat <br> c) Where to sleep <br> d) What to do <br> 3. Pair up the students and ask them to think of a place they dream of going to. <br> 4. Distribute the handouts in Appendix 12 to the students. <br> 5. Ask them to take turns being the candidate and the interlocutor using the handout for reference. <br> 6. Have them fill in the blanks in Appendix 12 and then carry out the conversation. Provide students with a demonstration if necessary so they know exactly what needs to be done. <br> If time allows, students can find another partner in class and start a new conversation and learn about what other students' dream places are while engaging in a meaningful conversation. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Assessment activity (Group Interaction) | Ask students to find and watch a travel programme and gather information as listed in Step 2. If the video programme does not cover all the necessary information described in Step 2, they are encouraged to search for information from other printed materials, but they should record all the references and videos they use/watch. On the day of the assessment, a partner will be assigned to each student to carry out an oral interaction similar to the task in Appendix 12. Each student in the pair will take turns being the candidate and the interlocutor. |
| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask students to do self- and peer-assessment after the assessment activity. <br> 2. Give feedback on the overall performance of the class and give advice on how to make improvements by making use of the assessment criteria. |

## Remarks:

- Students are generally interested in travelling and visiting exotic places and having adventures. The conversation task will encourage students to discuss and interact with others in a more authentic way.
- Watching a travel programme is less cognitively demanding than watching a documentary or a long feature film. This task is suitable for different levels of students.



## Remarks:

- This is a relatively challenging task which may be suitable for more capable students who have a rather good understanding of what they have read/watched.

Adapted from: Sherman, J. (2003). "Celebrity interview" in Using authentic video in the language classroom,
Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, p.137.

| Name of Task: Panel Discussion <br> Oral Text-type: $\square$ individual presentation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Communication Functions: } \\ \square_{\text {describing }} & \square_{\text {reporting }} \\ \square \text { classifying } & \square \text { comparing }\end{array}$ | $\square$ explaining $\square$ discussing <br> $\square$ persuading $\square$ others: |  |  |
| Audience--teacher plus: none (for pair-only tasks) small groups class more than one class | Target audience:fellow studentsstudents from other classesteacher(s)others: $\qquad$ |  | f audience: <br> non-verbal responses only oning/commenting ting with no limitations |
| Where on this continuum would you place the task? |  |  |  |
| spontaneous, informal interactive, planned yet individual long turn of dialogue, e.g. small dialogic, e.g. semiplanned, spoken text, group interaction formal group report, e.g. news reporting,story telling interactive factual report story telling |  |  | individual long turn that is planned, formal and coherent, e.g. spoken report, a speech |
| This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):print/non-print fictionprint/non-print biography/autobiographyfactual books/documentaries on common topics, e.g. sports, hobbies, travelbooks/films on real life issues, e.g. environmental, social, economic |  |  |  |

Topic/text/materials/resources used for the assessment activities (i.e. websites, movies, books, handouts):
Think of some common issues and themes that students are most interested in and find a documentary or other kind of programme which addresses one of these issues.

| Description of activities |
| :--- | :--- |
| leading to assessment |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| Assessment activity <br> (Group Interaction) <br> Post assessment activity |

1. Show the first five minutes of the documentary/programme to the students and ask them to predict what kind of issues will be addressed.
2. Write down students' answers on the board.
3. Divide the students into groups of 3 and assign a role to each of the group members (a news reporter, a complainer, an expert on the particular issue).
4. Discuss with the students how their new role will affect the way they view the rest of the programme; e.g. a reporter may think of how to make use of the information he/she sees and turn it into a piece of interesting news; an expert may look at the information with caution and skepticism, a complainer may victimize himself/herself and see the issue as a real problem which needs to be addressed immediately.
5. Ask the students to view the rest of the programme with their new role in mind.
6. After viewing, ask them to take on their new role and pretend they will hold a panel discussion on a TV programme. The reporter will start the discussion by providing some background information on the issue, posing questions to both the expert and the complainer, and summarizing some of the important points at the end. The complainer will be highlighting some major problems and concerns about the issue and the expert will try to clarify misunderstandings and try to provide information on that issue.
7. Remind the students that they need to work together and present their discussion in such a way that others will get a better understanding of the issue from different angles.
8. Ask the students to present their discussion to the class.

Divide the students into groups of 3 and ask them to find and watch a programme/documentary related to a real life issue. (Students can further explore the same issue they discussed in class, but they must view a different programme, or they can choose another issue that they are interested in and watch a related programme together). Have them organize a panel discussion similar to what they did in the pre-assessment activities. The teacher-assessor can act as the Panel Chair to support the students or guide them during the discussion.

1. Ask students to do self- and peer-assessment after the assessment activity.
2. Give feedback on the overall performance of the class and give advice on how to make improvements by making use of the assessment criteria.

## Remarks:

- This is a relatively challenging task which is suitable for more capable students. If the students are up to the challenge, they may find this task stimulating and interesting as it can help to develop their critical thinking skills and help them to see things from different perspectives.
- However, teachers should remind their students that the panel discussion is supposed to be interactive. If each member only presents their own part without further discussion, they may end up giving an individual presentation rather than having a group interaction.
- Alternatively, teachers may consider turning this task into individual presentations. Students can work as a group to explore issues of interest to them. Then, they can take turns presenting their part to the rest of the group and their presentation will be marked according to the criteria for individual presentations.


1. Ask the student audience to assess the performances of the presenters using a peer-evaluation form.
2. Encourage the student assessors to give feedback to the presenters.
3. Ask student presenters to watch their own videotaped presentations and write a reflective journal on its strengths and weaknesses.
4. Give the presenters some suggestions on how to improve their presentation skills.

## Remarks:

- For weaker students, you may show the first 15-20 minutes of the documentary twice and give them more time to complete or extend their notes for Step 2.
- Showing a documentary in class and telling students what they need to focus on when they watch the documentary will help them understand what they are expected to do for the SBA.
- Encourage students to do some research on the topic of their chosen documentary before the actual viewing will increase their general background knowledge on the topic and in turn make it easier for them to follow and understand the documentary.

Adapted from: Sherman, J. (2003). "Independent work with documentaries" in Using authentic video in the language classroom, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, p. 67-68.

| Name of Task: Group work with non-print non-fiction <br> Oral Text-type: $\square$ individual presentation <br> interaction |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Communication Functions:    <br> $\square$ describing $\square$ reporting $\square$ explaining $\square$ discussing <br> $\square$ classifying $\square$ comparing $\square$ persuading $\square$ others: |  |  |  |
| Audience--teacher plus: a student partner small groups class more than one class | Target audience: fellow students students from teacher(s) others: $\qquad$ |  | f audience: <br> non-verbal responses only oning/commenting cting with no limitations |
| Where on this continuum would you place the task? spontaneous, informal <br> interactive, planned yet individual long turn of individual long turn that is dialogue, e.g. small dialogic, e.g. semiplanned, spoken text, planned, formal and group interaction formal group report, e.g. news reporting, interactive factual report story telling coherent, e.g. spoken report, a speech |  |  |  |

This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):
$\square$ print/non-print fiction
print/non-print biography/autobiography
$\square$ factual books/documentaries on common topics, e.g. sports, hobbies, travel
$\square$ books/films on real life issues, e.g. environmental, social, economic
Topic/text/materials/resources used for the assessment activities (i.e. websites, movies, books, handouts):
Choose a documentary based on students' interests, ability, or what they are learning in other subjects. Tell students the reasons for your choice and ask them to do some research on the subject of the documentary. They may gather the information from an encyclopedia, books, the Internet, etc. Ask students to write down names of people/animals, places, organizations, etc.

## Description of activities leading to assessment

1. On the day of viewing, show the introduction (the first five minutes) and ask students to answer the following questions:
a) What is the main idea/purpose of the programme?
b) What do you expect to learn from this documentary?
c) What would you like to find out from this programme?
2. Watch the next $15-20$ minutes, then take a break. Ask students to make some notes on the following questions:
a) What are your feelings? Are you interested/bored/indignant/horrified/amused? Why?
b) What does it say? What is the most interesting information/point?
c) What does it show? What are the most significant or interesting scenes?
3. Check to see if students need clarification/explanations about what they have seen before showing the rest of the documentary.
4. Watch the rest of the documentary. Ask students to make notes on the following questions:
a) What are your feelings now? Are you interested/bored/indignant/horrified/amused? Why?
b) What does it say? What is the most interesting information/point? Is it different from what you have written down previously? If so, why?
c) What does it show? What are the most significant or interesting scenes? Is it different from what you have written down previously? If so, why?
d) Does it answer any "Why" or "How" questions? Write down the questions and the answers.
e) Does it address what you expect to learn from the documentary?
f) Is there any important new vocabulary you have learned from the film? Share some examples.
5. Divide the students into pairs. Ask them to compare and discuss their answers for questions 4 a - 4f.
6. For homework, ask them to write down three things that they found interesting/learned from the documentary and 2-3 things that his/her partner has a different answer to or opinion on with regard to the questions discussed during the pair interaction in class.

| Assessment activity <br> (Group Interaction) | Ask students to select and watch a documentary of their choice in pairs. Have them prepare the <br> answers to questions 4a-4f individually. Then carry out a discussion similar to what they did in <br> the pre-assessment activities. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask students to do self- and peer-assessment after the assessment activity. <br> 2. Give feedback on the overall performance of the class and give advice on how to make <br> improvements by making use of the assessment criteria. |
| Remarks: <br> - For weaker students, you may show the first 15-20 minutes of the documentary twice and give them more time to complete <br> or extend their notes for Steps 2 or 4. |  |
| - Encourage students to do some research on the topic of their chosen documentary before the actual viewing will increase |  |
| their general background knowledge on the topic and in turn make it easier for them to follow and understand the |  |
| documentary. |  |

Adapted from: Sherman, J. (2003). "Independent work with documentaries" in Using authentic video in the language classroom, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, p. 67-68.


| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask the student audience to assess the performances of the presenters using a peerevaluation form. <br> 2. Encourage the student assessors to give feedback to the presenters. <br> 3. Ask student presenters to watch their own videotaped presentations and write a reflective journal on the strengths and weaknesses of the presentation. <br> 4. Give the presenters some suggestions on how to improve their presentation skills. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Remarks: <br> - Ask students to foc presentation. | one or two aspects rather than talking about more items on a superficial level in |

Sample Assessment Task 23 (Part A)

This task is suitable for use with the following genre(s):
$\square$ print/non-print fiction
$\square$ print/non-print biography/autobiography
$\square$ factual books/documentaries on common topics, e.g. sports, hobbies, travel
$\square$ books/films on real life issues, e.g. environmental, social, economic

| Description of activities leading to assessment | 1. Ask students to search for information on the web about the theme/particular culture of the film. <br> 2. Randomly select some students to share one or two things they found interesting about that particular culture. Highlight terms or vocabulary they may find difficult from the film. <br> 3. If possible, bring some visual aids/objects related to the particular culture to stimulate students' interest in that particular culture <br> 4. Before viewing, ask students to pay attention to the differences between Chinese culture and the culture featured in the film on one or more of the following aspects: <br> a. lifestyle <br> b. food <br> c. entertainment <br> d. education system <br> e. traditions <br> f. values <br> g. roles of men and women; girls and boys <br> h. dances <br> i. festivals <br> j. transportation <br> 5. Hold a class discussion on a particular aspect. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Assessment activity (Group Interaction) | Part 1: For the SBA, divide students into small groups, ask each group member to think of a particular aspect which they would like to explore further. Tell students that they can learn more about that particular aspect from other print/non-print text on their own, so they will be more prepared when they join a discussion with their group members to discuss which aspect of the culture they watched in the film is worth presenting/exploring further. On the day of the assessment, students will take turns presenting their view on the aspect they have explored, and as a group, they have to decide which aspect they will choose to for a group presentation later. Encourage students to ask questions, show their agreement and disagreement, and engage in the discussion to come to a consensus on the topic of their group presentation. Remind the students that they don't need to put down other students' ideas in order to get higher scores for the SBA. It is their ideas, contribution to and engagement in the discussion that counts. |


|  | Part 2: After students have decided which aspect they would like to explore further, they will get <br> together and prepare a presentation on the chosen aspect and present the information in front of <br> their class. Encourage the students to make the presentation interactive and interesting, e.g. they <br> can present the information through a short skit, a news report, interviews with key persons from <br> that culture, etc. Please note that Part 2 is an extension to the assessment task in Part 1 and it <br> should not be counted as an assessment task for SBA as these tasks might require prepared scripts <br> and dramatic skills. Yet, they are still excellent assessment tasks for learning and should be <br> strongly encouraged. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Post assessment activity | 1. Ask students to do self- and peer-assessment after the assessment activity. <br> 2. Give feedback on the overall performance of the class and give advice on how to make <br> improvements by making use of the assessment criteria. |
| Remarks: <br> The group discussion can be presented to S3 students instead of their own classmates, so the junior form students can be <br> exposed to some presentations related to SBA, and in turn, they will be more familiar with the types of SBA tasks they will <br> be required to do when they are promoted to S4. |  |


and in turn they will be more prepared to answer high level questions during the actual assessment.

- Concluding the discussion with "two stars and a wish" is a nice way to round up the discussion. It also encourages students to pay attention to the information they hear during the student presentation and helps students practise expressing praise, and using appropriate language to make a gentle critical comment.
- Remember the focus of this task should be on students' interaction. The one-minute talk at the beginning is only a warmup activity which allows the students to provide some background information to his/her group members to generate the interaction.
- Alternatively, teachers could use this task for individual presentations by increasing the 1-minute talk to 2-3 minutes. The discussion which comes afterwards should not be counted as part of the SBA task, but an extension of the assessment for learning.

